EXHIBIT #1

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1	THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE
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4	HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL, INC. : CIVIL ACTIONS
5	et al. : Plaintiffs, :
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7	AUDIOVOX COMMUNICATIONS CORP.,
8	et al. : NO. 04-1337 (KAJ)
9	Defendants. :
10	HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL, INC. : et al. :
11	Plaintiffs, :
12	v. :
13	APPLE COMPUTER, INC., et al., :
14	: NO. 04-1338 (KAJ) Defendants.
15	Delendants.
16	Wilmington, Delaware Friday, September 9, 2005 at 10:40 a.m.
17	TELEPHONE CONFERENCE
18	
19	BEFORE: HONORABLE KENT A. JORDAN, U.S.D.C.J.
20	APPEARANCES:
21	AL L DANGEROLD
22	ASHBY & GEDDES BY: STEVEN J. BALICK, ESQ.
23	and
24	
25	Brian P. Gaffigan Registered Merit Reporter

through various generations of different models of this product, somehow there is some difference? Or is there something else going on that I'm not getting.

MR. LUECK: No, I think you have captured it.
We've identified what the products are that have infringed
and we've specified what those types of products are and
we've given them specific model numbers as to ones we've
been able to purchase and tear down, but that doesn't mean
that we know all of the generations of those products that
they have introduced in the past.

THE COURT: All right. I'm going to ask the gentleman who spoke on behalf of Matsushita, the Weil Gotshal attorney if he will speak up at this point and answer that point, which is: Hey, we're not just on some wholesale fishing expedition. We've identified a product and a product line and we just need to know the different model numbers in that product line so that we're sure that we've had a chance to investigate this product thoroughly, which is what I understand Mr. Lueck to be saying. What is your response to that?

MR. BRAFMAN: Your Honor, this is David Brafman from Honeywell.

I'd just like to add one further point which is our tear-down rate, on average it's about a 50 percent hit rate under our belief of infringement across all these

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products. So it's not a wild fishing expedition as it is made to sound. It is that we found products, a large percentage of them do hit and we just don't have access to the models that change every six months.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. -- I'm sorry, I've forgotten your name, sir.

MR. RIZZI: It's Steve Rizzi from Weil Gotshal.

THE COURT: Mr. Rizzi, I apologize for not holding on to that name. Go ahead.

MR. RIZZI: That's okay. I think along those lines, Your Honor, there is room to meet in the middle here from our perspective and, in fact, one of the cases that Honeywell cited in its correspondence I believe is instructive -- the IP Innovation case out of the Northern District of Illinois -- I think is somewhat similar in the sense that case involved certain chips that were found in various models of televisions that were accused of infringement, the basis for infringement being this specific chip. And what the plaintiff did originally was identify specific television models that they believe included the chip and were infringing. And there, the Court allowed discovery of other models of televisions that included that same chip. So discovery in the case were structured around other future generations or products but only those products that included the same chip as the specific models

EXHIBITS # 2 and #3 REDACTED IN THEIR ENTIRETY